



***Erosion and Sediment Control  
Practical Solutions***

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# *My Background*

- Civil Engineer
  - Structural Design and Site Supervision (2-3yrs)
- Operations Supervisor and Project Engineer with NSTIR for 12 years.
- Instructor at NSCC for 8 years
  - Previously taught “Green Card” Certification in cooperation with NSTIR.
- Quality Manager – Emera Utility Services

# *My Concerns*



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# *Objective*

1. Understand the processes of practical solutions to Erosion and Sediment Control problems.
2. Interpret Fact Sheets from the ESC Manual.

[Link to NSPI ESC Manual](#)

[Link to NSTIR Handbook for ESC](#)

<http://www.gov.ns.ca/tran/works/enviroservices/enviroErosion.asp>

# *Erosion Prevention vs. Sediment Control*



[http://upload.wikimedia.org/wikipedia/commons/7/79/Water\\_and\\_soil\\_splashed\\_by\\_the\\_impact\\_of\\_a\\_single\\_raindrop.jpg](http://upload.wikimedia.org/wikipedia/commons/7/79/Water_and_soil_splashed_by_the_impact_of_a_single_raindrop.jpg)

# *Light rain vs. Heavy rain*

## raindrop impact damage

dense  
crops

soil  
cover

fertilise

water is 800 times heavier than air!

Seafriends Marine Cons. & Ed. Ctr.

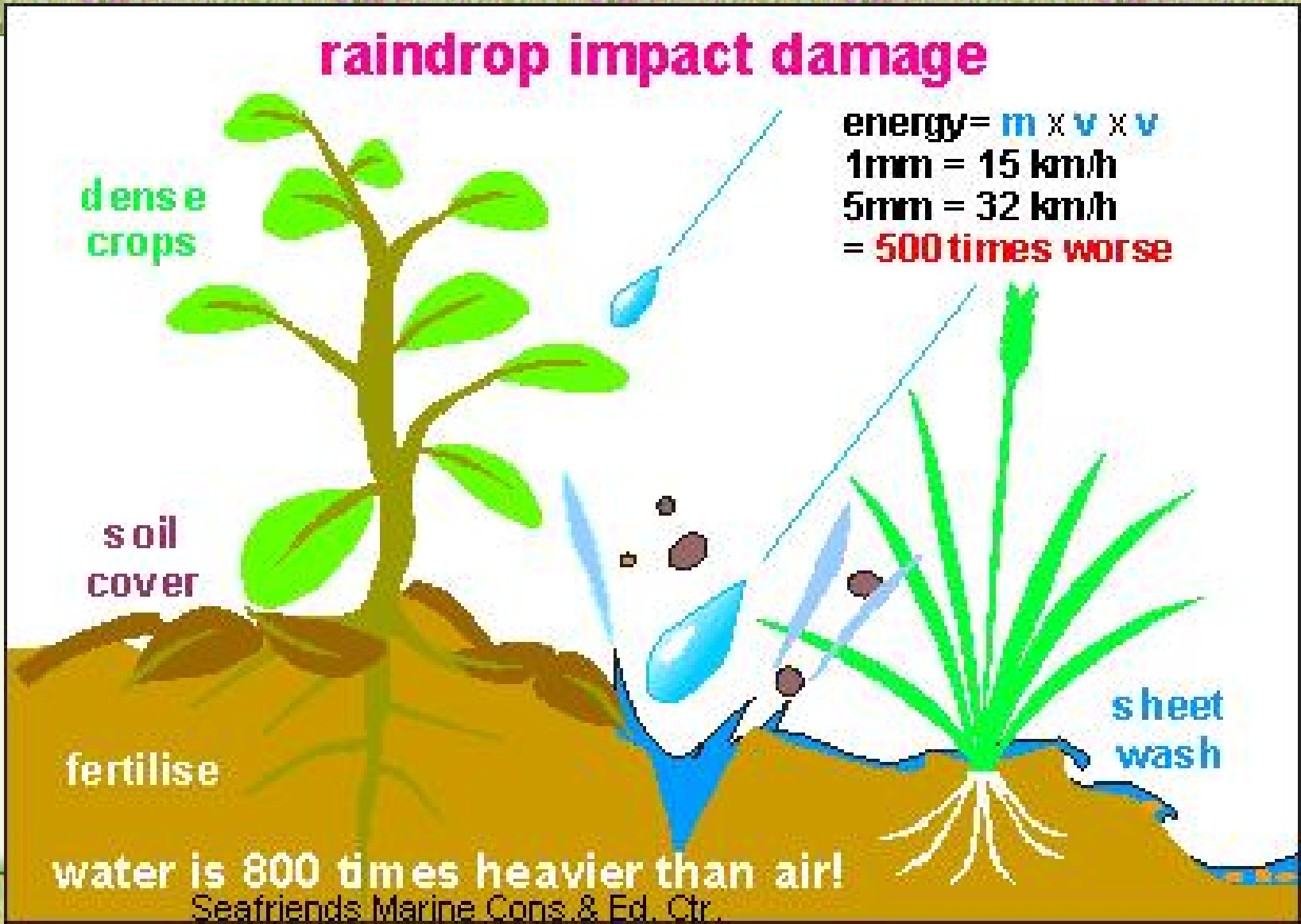
energy =  $m \times v \times v$

1mm = 15 km/h

5mm = 32 km/h

= 500 times worse

sheet  
wash



# *Light rain vs. Heavy rain*

Mass of a 1mm diameter rain drop = 0.5 mg

$$KE = \frac{1}{2} * m * V^2 = \frac{1}{2} (0.5)(15)^2 = 56$$



**125x**



Mass of a 5 mm diameter rain drop = 65 mg

$$KE = \frac{1}{2} * m * V^2 = \frac{1}{2} (65)(32)^2 = 33,000+$$

$$33,000/56 = \underline{500+ \text{ times more energy!!!}}$$

# *Rain & Runoff*

- Once soil is exposed, we have to prevent rain drops from dislodging sediment.



Photo by Melissa Martin – EUS Environment Specialist



# *Mother Nature*

- The power of water...



Culvert Washout.wmv

# *Eutrophication*

- Depletion of oxygen & increase of phytoplankton due to increased levels of nutrients or chemicals.
  - Nitrogen
  - Untreated sewage
  - Fertilizers



Source: <http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Eutrophication>,  
May 4,2014

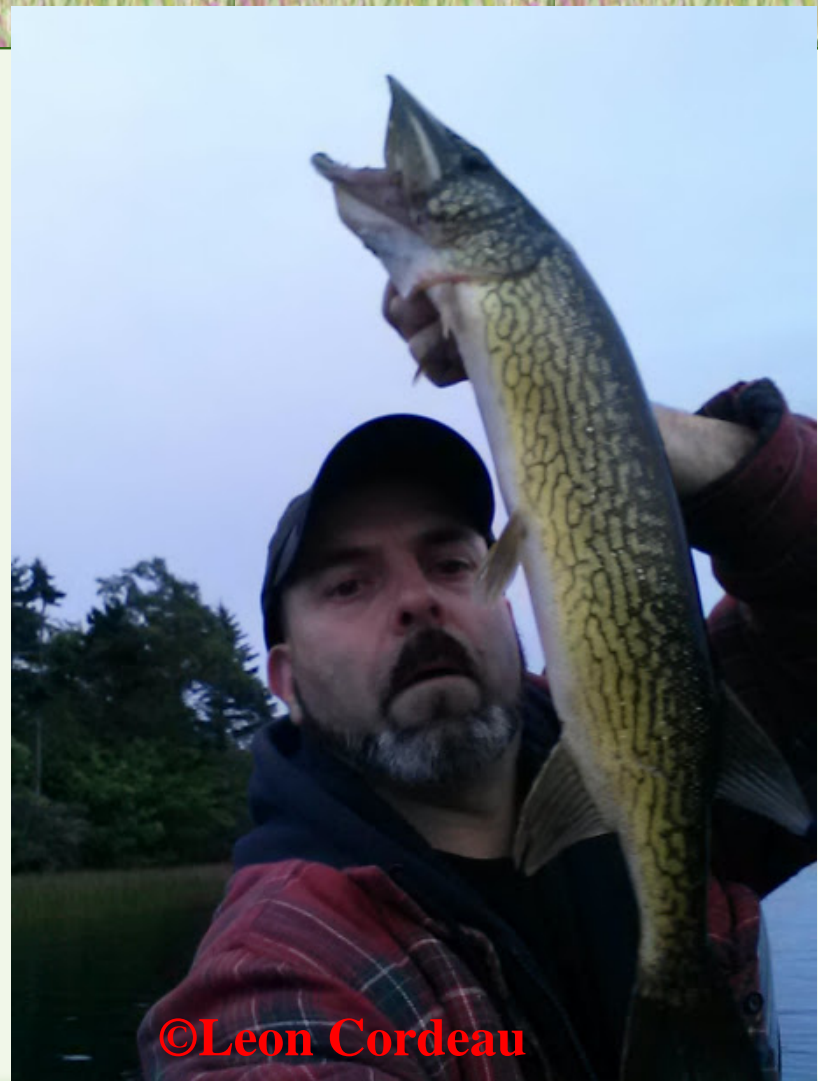
Retrieved from  
<http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Eutrophication>, May 4,2014

# *Eutrophication*

- Eutrophication has a direct effect on the ecosystem
  - Decreases water transparency
  - Kills fish or
    - Loss of desirable fish species
  - Color, smell, and water treatment problems
  - Toxic or inedible phytoplankton species

# *Undesirable Fish Species*

- Chain Pickerel



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# *Erosion Prevention and Control*

- Once sediment has eroded, ... it is very costly to control.



Photo by Melissa Martin – EUS Environment Specialist

*How do you control this?*



<http://www.cbc.ca/news/canada/british-columbia/mount-polley-spill-blamed-on-design-of-embankment-1.2937387>

# *ESC Handbook for Construction Sites*

- Introduction
- Principles Overview
- Main Portion
  - ESC Fact Sheets (Two categories)
    1. Surface Stabilization
    2. Drainage Control

# *1. Surface Stabilization*

- Grading Practices
- Riprap lining
- Geotextiles
- Buffer zones
- Temporary Matting
- Etc.





## 2. *Drainage Control*

- Diversion Ditch
- Dispersion Ditch
- Outlet Protection
- Chute
- Flow Check
- Siltation Pond
- Etc.



# *Fact Sheets*

- Information includes
  - Purpose
  - Conditions where applicable
  - Advantages
  - Disadvantages
  - Design Considerations
  - Design Steps
  - Implementation Steps
  - Maintenance

# *Popular ESC Measures*

- Filter Fabric Barrier – “Silt Fence”
- Flow Check
- Hay Bale Barrier
- Hay Mulch
- Rock Blanket
- Hydro-seeding
- ECB’s



Photo by Melissa Martin – EUS Environment Specialist

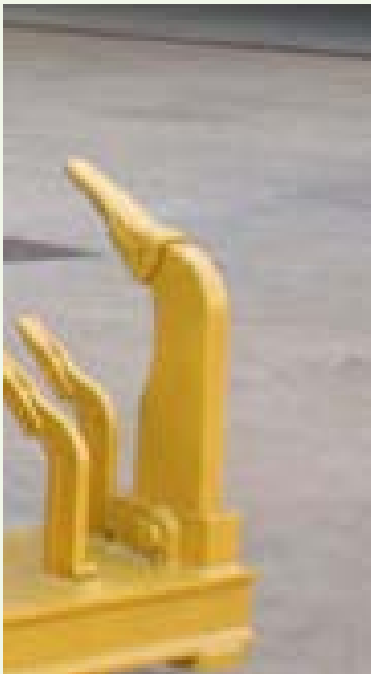
# *Main Issue with Silt fence*



Photo by Melissa Martin – EUS Environment Specialist

# *Installing Silt Fence*

- Challenges – key in the silt fence



<http://www.gessner.com.au/web-brochures/cat-grader-ripper>



<http://pixabay.com/en/excavator-buckets-backhoe-bucket-167743/>

# *Check Dams - Fact Sheet 2.7*

- Within the handbook, much attention to flow checks. 6 types described...
  - Brush
  - Rock
  - Gabion Basket
  - Plank
  - Sodded Earth Fill
  - Sandbag

# *Hay bale Flow Checks*



# *Results of Hay Bale Flow Check*





# *Flow Checks - Purpose*



# *Flow Checks - Purpose*

1. Slow the velocity of water
2. Helps vegetation - Collect soil & moisture
3. Traps sediment & prevents siltation

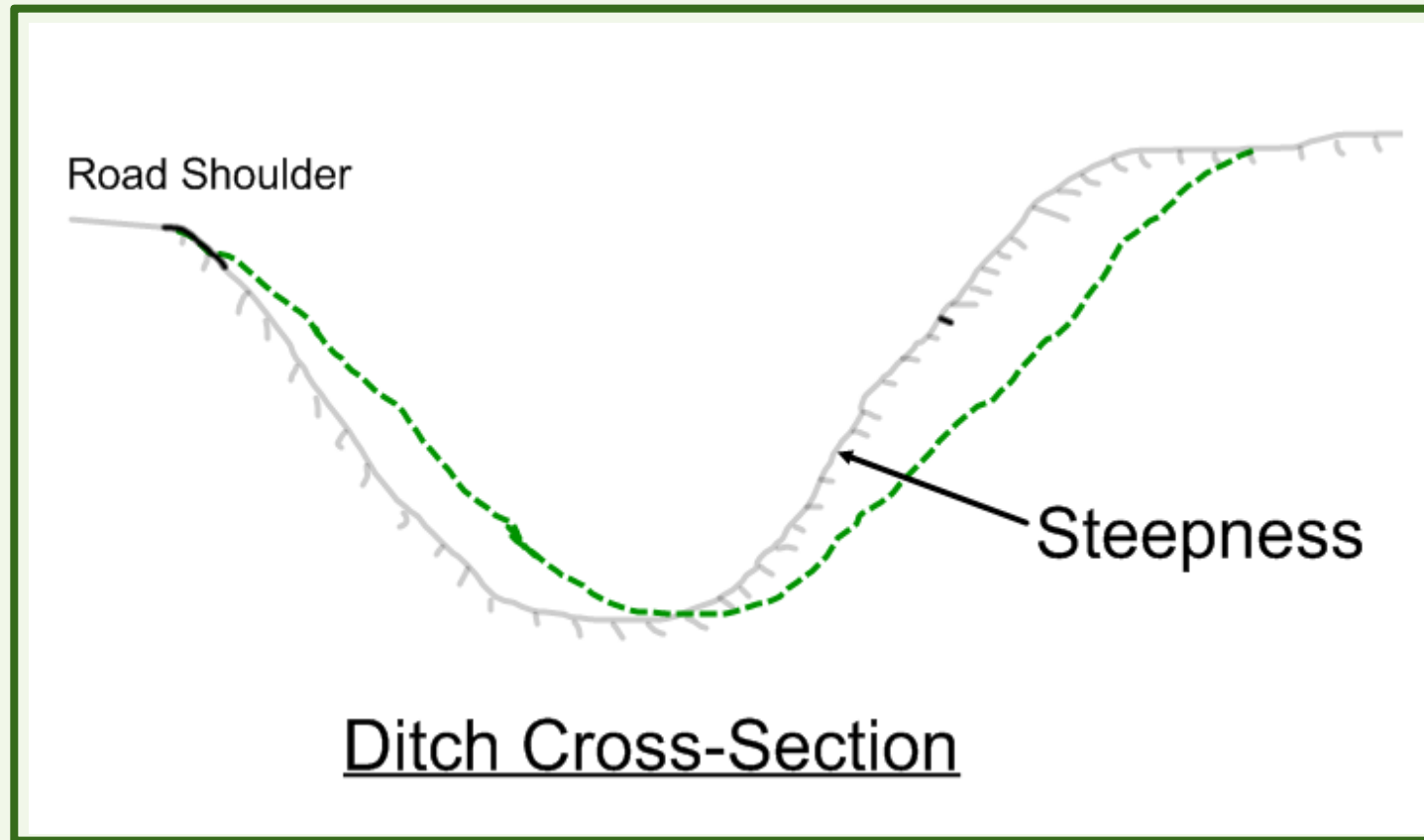
# *Flow Check Considerations*

- DO NOT USE IN A WATERCOURSE!
- Use materials readily available
- Construct carefully to avoid washout
- Several small flow checks are preferred over a few large ones

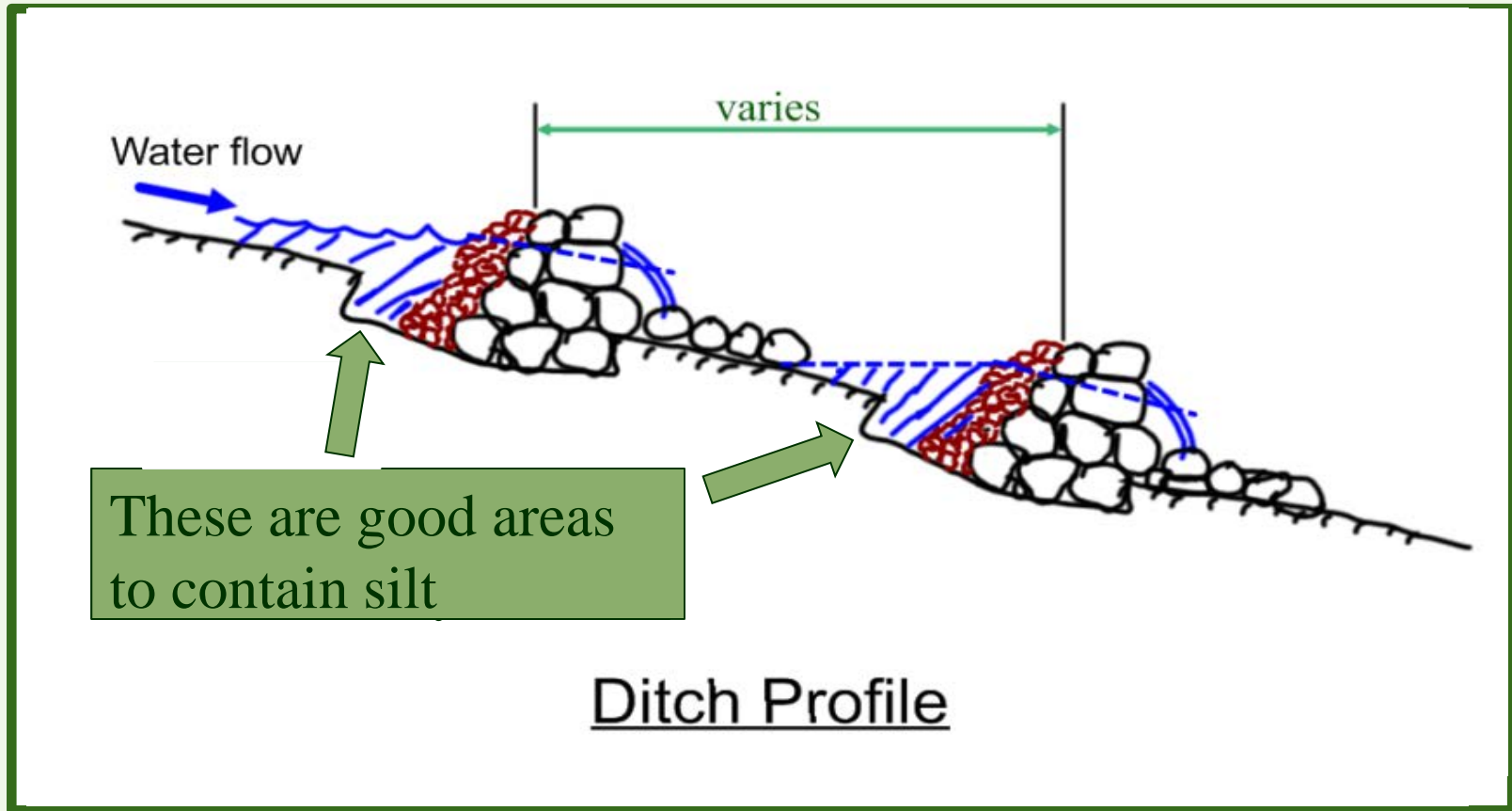
# *Rock Flow Check - 11 Design Steps*

*Cover in the next few slides*

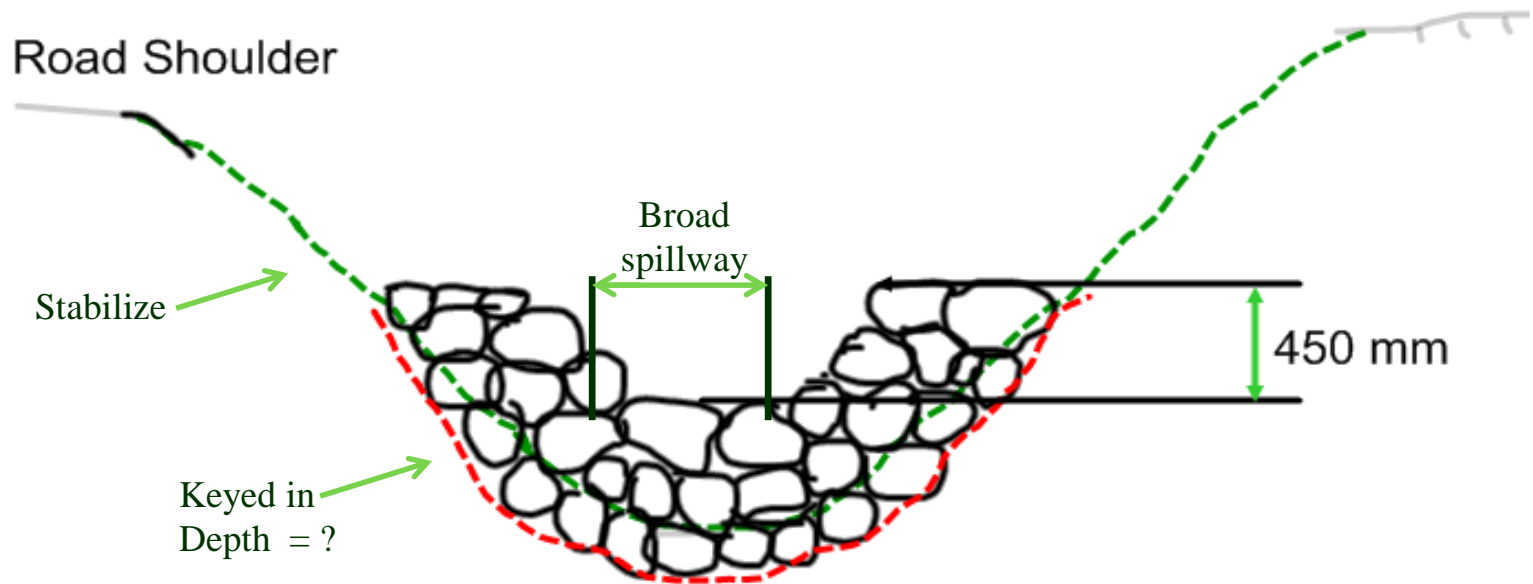
# *Rock Flow Check – Design (Section 2.7)*



# *Rock Flow Check – Design (Section 2.7)*



# Rock Flow Check – Design (Section 2.7)



Ditch Cross-Section

Return to ditch profile

# *Rock Flow Check Maintenance*

- Replace dislodged stones
- Remove silt build-up from the upstream side



Retrieved from [http://www.theraincatcherinc.com/gallery\\_erosion\\_control.html](http://www.theraincatcherinc.com/gallery_erosion_control.html)



# *L6001 access*



Photo by Leon Cordeau

# *L6001 access – Divert Runoff*



Photo by Leon Cordeau

# *L6001 – Structure 209 (wet area)*



Photo by Leon Cordeau

# *L6001 – Structure 209*

Source located –  
plan diversion



Photo by Leon Cordeau

# *L6001 - Access Road Condition*



Photo by Melissa Martin – EUS Environment Specialist

**Needs Work!**

**Before**

*Better!*



**After**

Photo by Miles Heffernan – EUS PLT

# *L5501 – Mulch & Diversion*

Where to divert?



Photo by Melissa Martin – EUS Environment Specialist

# *L5501 - Approach to a Stream*



Photo by Melissa Martin – EUS Environment Specialist



*L5501*



Photo by ?

**Before**

*L5501*



Photo by Melissa Martin – EUS Environment Specialist

**After**

# *Control or Eliminate Water*

...before you start construction!



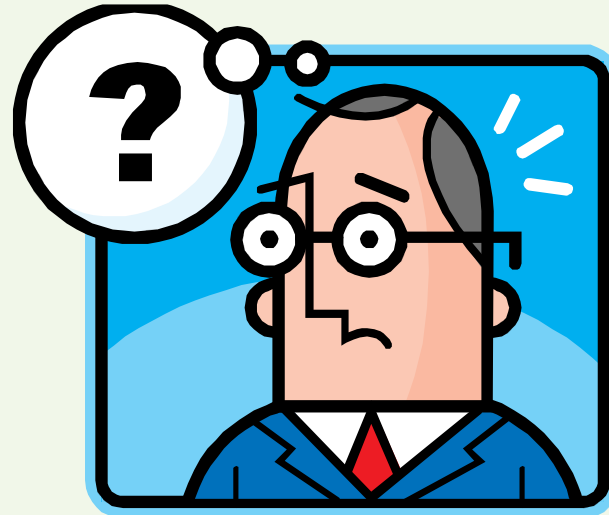
# *Hay Bale Berm – Issue?*



Photo by Melissa Martin – EUS Environment Specialist

# *Thank You!*

- Questions ???



- Contact information
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