

## In summary...

<b>Activity levels**</b>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Eastern Zone is reporting sporadic activity, while all other zones have no activity.</li> <li>• There are no influenza outbreaks being reported this week and only one school has reported an increased absenteeism rate of more than 10%.</li> </ul>
<b>Laboratory-confirmed cases***</b>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• There are no influenza A and 1 influenza B cases reported this week. There have been 3 laboratory confirmed cases of Influenza A and 2 laboratory confirmed case of Influenza B reported during the 2019-2020 influenza season.</li> <li>• Positive results were received for enterovirus/rhinovirus, mycoplasma pneumoniae, and RSV.</li> </ul>
<b>Severity</b>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• There have been 0 ICU admissions in adults and 0 ICU admissions in children (age group 0-19 years). There have been 0 deaths*** of laboratory confirmed influenza during the 2019-2020 influenza season.</li> </ul>
<b>Syndromic surveillance</b>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• The average ILI rate for Nova Scotia during this reporting period was <b>0.8</b>.</li> <li>• <b>97.5%</b> of emergency rooms reported ILI data during this reporting period. St. Anne’s Hospital did not report this week.</li> </ul>

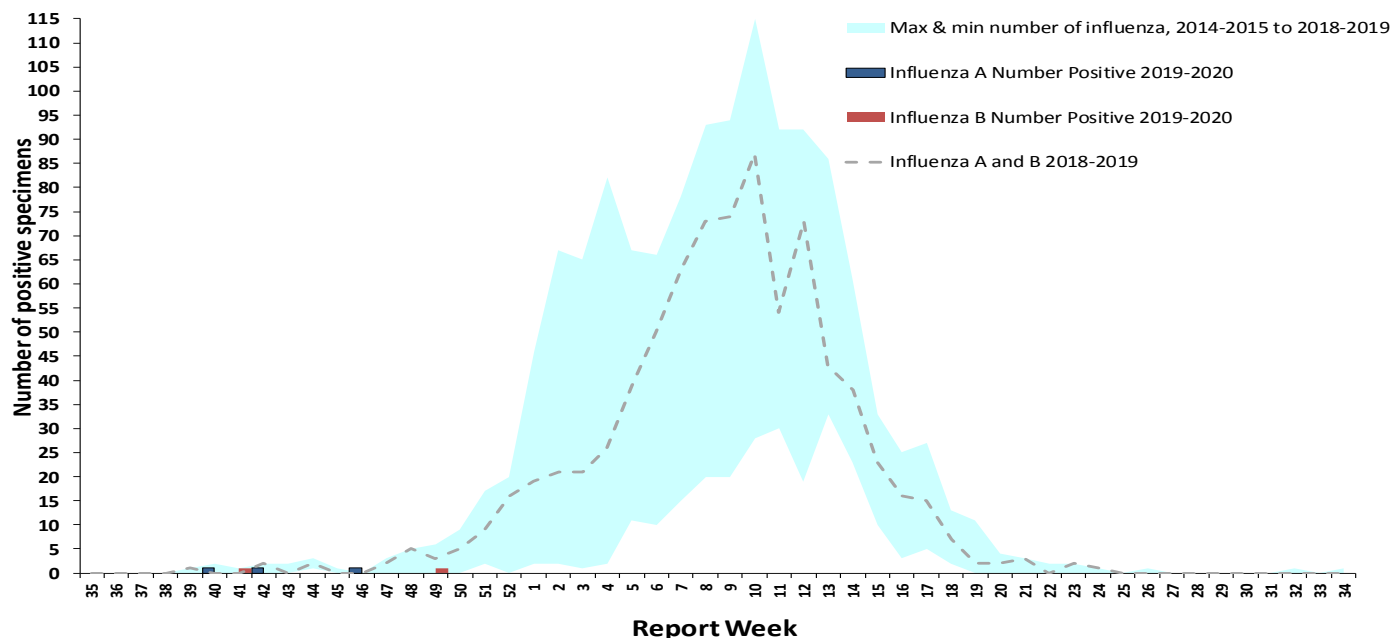
Notes: \*Reporting weeks run from Sunday to Saturday. The 2019-2020 influenza season is defined using PHAC’s influenza surveillance weeks. This year runs from August 25, 2019 (Week 35) to August 22, 2020 (Week 34);

\*\*Activity level data is obtained from CNPHI, see appendix for definitions;

\*\*\*Deaths include individuals with a positive influenza test result, influenza may not have been the major contributing cause of death or hospitalization.

## LABORATORY-CONFIRMED INFLUENZA CASES

Figure 1: Number of laboratory confirmed influenza cases by report week, 2019-2020 season, with trend-line comparison to 2018-2019 season, Nova Scotia



**Table 1: Number of laboratory-confirmed influenza cases by zone, current week and cumulative 2019-2020 season in Nova Scotia**

ZONE	CURRENT WEEK			CUMULATIVE 2019-2020		
	TOTAL	INFLUENZA A	INFLUENZA B	TOTAL	INFLUENZA A	INFLUENZA B
Western	0	0	0	0	0	0
Northern	0	0	0	0	0	0
Eastern	1	0	1	2	0	2
Central	0	0	0	3	3	0
<b>Nova Scotia Total</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>2</b>

**Table 2: Number of laboratory-confirmed influenza cases by age group, current week and cumulative 2019-2020 season in Nova Scotia**

AGE	CURRENT WEEK			CUMULATIVE 2019-2020		
	TOTAL	INFLUENZA A	INFLUENZA B	TOTAL	INFLUENZA A	INFLUENZA B
0-4	1	0	1	1	0	1
5-19	0	0	0	1	0	1
20-44	0	0	0	0	0	0
45-64	0	0	0	0	0	0
65+	0	0	0	3	3	0
<b>Nova Scotia Total</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>2</b>

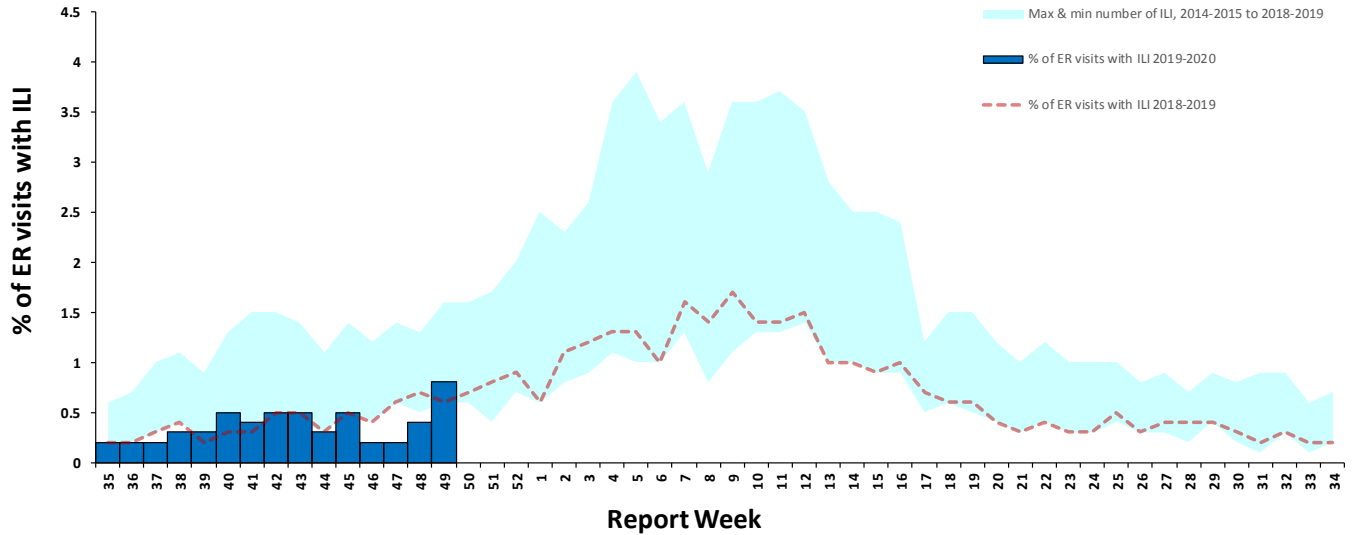
**Table 3: Hospitalizations, ICU admissions and deaths for influenza positive patients, current week and cumulative, 2019-2020 season, Nova Scotia**

	CURRENT WEEK			CUMULATIVE 2019-2020		
	TOTAL	INFLUENZA A	INFLUENZA B	TOTAL	INFLUENZA A	INFLUENZA B
Hospitalized	0	0	0	3	2	1
Hospitalized - ICU	0	0	0	0	0	0
Deceased*	0	0	0	0	0	0
<b>Nova Scotia Total</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>1</b>

\*Deaths include individuals with a positive influenza test result, influenza may not have been the major contributing cause of death or hospitalization.

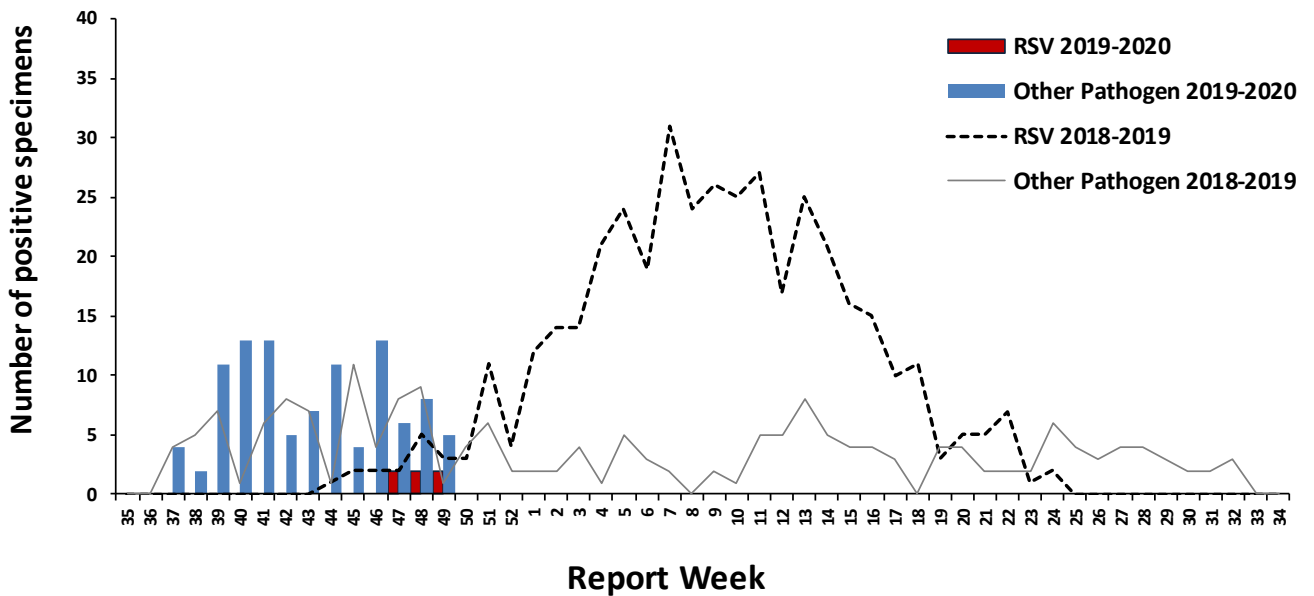
**SYNDROMIC SURVEILLANCE**

**Figure 2: Percentage of emergency room visits due to ILI by report week, 2019-2020 season, with trend-line comparison to 2018-2019 season, Nova Scotia**



**OTHER RESPIRATORY PATHOGENS**

**Figure 3: Number of positive specimens tested for other respiratory pathogens\* and RSV by report week, 2019-2020 season, with trend-line comparison to 2018-2019 season, Nova Scotia**



\* Other respiratory pathogen includes Adenovirus, Bocavirus, Chlamydomphila pneumonia, Coronavirus, Enterovirus, Metapneumovirus, Mycoplasma pneumoniae, Parainfluenza, Pertussis, Rhinovirus.  
 Note that data for this figure is obtained from provincial laboratories.

**Table 4: Number of positive RSV specimens by age group, 2019-2020 season, Nova Scotia**

<b>AGE GROUP</b>	<b>2019-2020</b>
<b>0-5 months</b>	0
<b>6-11 months</b>	1
<b>12-23 months</b>	2
<b>2-5 years</b>	2
<b>6-15 years</b>	0
<b>16-65 years</b>	1
<b>65+ years</b>	0
<b>Nova Scotia Total</b>	<b>6</b>

**Table 5: Number of positive specimens tested for other respiratory pathogens, current report week and cumulative season, Nova Scotia, 2019–2020**

<b>Pathogen</b>	<b>CURRENT WEEK (n positive)</b>	<b>CUMULATIVE 2019-2020</b>
Adenovirus	0	5
Bocavirus	0	0
Chlamydomphila pneumoniae	0	0
Coronavirus	0	0
Enterovirus/Rhinovirus	4	56
Metapneumovirus	0	0
Mycoplasma pneumoniae	1	23
Parainfluenza	0	14
Pertussis	0	4
Respiratory Syncytial Virus	2	6

**APPENDIX: DEFINITIONS USED IN INFLUENZA SURVEILLANCE, AND USEFUL LINKS, 2019-2020**

**ACRONYM LIST**

- CNPHI** Canadian Network for Public Health Intelligence  
**ICU** Intensive care unit  
**ILI** Influenza-like illness  
**RSV** Respiratory syncytial virus

**ILI CASE DEFINITION**

Acute onset of respiratory illness with fever and cough and with one or more of the following – sore throat, arthralgia, myalgia or prostration which is likely due to influenza. In children under 5, gastrointestinal symptoms may also be present. In patients under 5 or 65 and older, fever may not be prominent.

**NATIONAL FLUWATCH DEFINITIONS FOR INFLUENZA ACTIVITY LEVELS**

<b>No activity</b>	No laboratory-confirmed influenza detections in the reporting week, however, sporadically occurring ILI* may be reported
<b>Sporadic</b>	Sporadically occurring ILI* and lab confirmed influenza detection(s) with <b>no outbreaks</b> detected within the influenza surveillance region
<b>Localized</b>	(1) Evidence of increased ILI* and (2) lab confirmed influenza detection(s) together with (3) outbreaks occurring in schools, hospitals, residential institutions and/or other types of facilities occurring in less than 50% of the influenza surveillance region
<b>Widespread</b>	(1) Evidence of increased ILI* and (2) lab confirmed influenza detection(s) together with (3) outbreaks occurring in schools, hospitals, residential institutions and/or other types of facilities occurring in greater than or equal to 50% of the influenza surveillance region

**LINKS TO OTHER WEEKLY INFLUENZA REPORTING BODIES**

Canada: <http://www.phac-aspc.gc.ca/fluwatch/>  
 World: [https://www.who.int/influenza/surveillance\\_monitoring/updates/latest\\_update\\_GIP\\_surveillance/en/index.html](https://www.who.int/influenza/surveillance_monitoring/updates/latest_update_GIP_surveillance/en/index.html)  
 US: [www.cdc.gov/flu/weekly](http://www.cdc.gov/flu/weekly)